

# RF



## ORANGE COUNTY AMATEUR RADIO CLUB, INC.

VOL. LV NO. 5

P.O. BOX 3454, TUSTIN, CA 92781-3454

May 2014

### The Prez Sez.....

by Nicholas AF6CF



Greetings to all!

Hello! Like every year, May is the month where we start finalizing the plans for Field Day, and we hope that that we will be ready to roll. The FD Committee is working on all the details and antennas to have the group ready for another successful and safe operation. This year the GOTA station will have less wait time and we plan to have another FD operations training session with Professor Jeff W6UX.

This month's meeting will be different from the regular ones in that it'll be devoted to "Show & Tell", with several Club members

presenting their radio-related demo, followed by a general exhibits. This activity will be followed by a general discussion about Field Day. Our preparations are well under way, with only a couple of meetings to go and with great ideas and input from everyone. This year we will use the Club's own generator so we will concentrate on the food donations, since no FD is a success unless there is plenty to eat! We have a few band captain positions still open so please hurry to volunteer. The two co-chairs are busy doing their work organizing the event, so contact either VP Tim or me. We will be very busy this year with all this and more activities. I look forward to an eyeball contact with you all at the next General Meeting.

**73 de AF6CF**

### OCARC 2014 DUES ARE PAST DUE !!!

Don't forget to pay your OCARC dues for 2014. Still only \$20 per year! From the 1<sup>st</sup> of April 2014 your dues are overdue. You can still send a check made out to OCARC to the club PO Box (listed above) or pay at the club meetings.

### Our Next Meeting

The next OCARC [General Meeting](#) will be held on Friday, May 16<sup>th</sup>, 2014 at 7 PM for our members who won't be at the Dayton Hamvention. Several of our members will be putting on short Show & Tell talks on their current projects.

**See the yellow box below for our temporary new meeting venue.**

The next general meeting will be on:

**Friday, May 16<sup>th</sup>, 2014  
@ 7:00 PM**

We will be meeting in the east Red Cross Building, **Room 232 (different room this month only).**

See y'all there!

| In This Issue:                       | Page  |
|--------------------------------------|-------|
| The Prez Sez .....                   | 1     |
| Next meeting info .....              | 1     |
| CLUB INFORMATION .....               | 2     |
| San Diego Convention 2014 .....      | 3     |
| Field Day 2014 Info .....            | 4-6   |
| DATV Info and ARRL Certificate ..... | 7     |
| Death Valley Pie .....               | 8     |
| Antennas in the Park .....           | 9     |
| HDSCS Open House .....               | 10    |
| Heathkit of the Month .....          | 11-19 |
| April General Mtg Minutes .....      | 20-21 |
| May Board Mtg Minutes .....          | 22-23 |
| WARA VE Testing Info .....           | 24    |
| OCARC Financial Report .....         | 25    |
| Order DATV-Express board now .....   | 26    |

**ORANGE COUNTY  
AMATEUR RADIO CLUB**  
[www.W6ZE.org](http://www.W6ZE.org)



**2014 Board of Directors:**

**President:**

Nicholas Haban, AF6CF  
(714) 693-9778  
[AF6CF@w6ze.org](mailto:AF6CF@w6ze.org)

**Vice President:**

Tim Goeppinger, N6GP  
(714) 730-0395  
[N6GP@w6ze.org](mailto:N6GP@w6ze.org)

**Secretary:**

Tim Millard, N6TMT  
(714) 744-8909  
[KJ6NGF@w6ze.org](mailto:KJ6NGF@w6ze.org)

**Treasurer:**

Ken Konechy, W6HHC  
(714) 744-0217  
[W6HHC@w6ze.org](mailto:W6HHC@w6ze.org)

**Membership:**

Doug Britton, W6FKX  
(714) 969-0301  
[W6FKX@w6ze.org](mailto:W6FKX@w6ze.org)

**Activities:**

Paul Gussow, W6GMU  
(714) 624-1717  
[W6GMU@w6ze.org](mailto:W6GMU@w6ze.org)

**Publicity:**

Robbie Robinson, KB6CJZ  
(714) 478-9713  
[KB6CJZ@w6ze.org](mailto:KB6CJZ@w6ze.org)

**Technical:**

Bob Eckweiler, AF6C  
(714) 639-5074  
[AF6C@w6ze.org](mailto:AF6C@w6ze.org)

**Directors-At-Large:**

Greg Bohning, W6ATB  
(714) 767-7617  
[W6ATB@w6ze.org](mailto:W6ATB@w6ze.org)

Tom Cowart KJ6UFJ  
(714) 454-0571  
[kj6ufj@w6ze.org](mailto:kj6ufj@w6ze.org)

**2014 Club Appointments:**

**W6ZE Club License Trustee:**

Bob Eckweiler, AF6C  
(714) 639-5074  
[AF6C@w6ze.org](mailto:AF6C@w6ze.org)

**Club Historian:**

Bob Evans, WB6IXN  
(714) 543-9111  
[WB6IXN@w6ze.org](mailto:WB6IXN@w6ze.org)

**RF Editor (rotating):**

Paul Gussow, W6GMU  
(714) 624-1717  
[W6GMU@w6ze.org](mailto:W6GMU@w6ze.org)

**WEB Master:**

Ken Konechy, W6HHC  
(714) 744-0217  
[W6HHC@w6ze.org](mailto:W6HHC@w6ze.org)

**Assistant WEB Master:**

Bob Eckweiler, AF6C  
(714) 639-5074  
[AF6C@w6ze.org](mailto:AF6C@w6ze.org)

**ARRL Awards Appointees:**

Arnie Shatz, N6HC  
(714) 573-2965  
[N6HC@aol.com](mailto:N6HC@aol.com)

John Schroeder, N6QQ  
(West Orange Co.)  
(562) 404-1112  
[N6QQ@msn.com](mailto:N6QQ@msn.com)

**OCCARO Delegate:**

OPEN

**Contact the Newsletter:**

Feedback & Corrections:  
[RF\\_feedback@w6ze.org](mailto:RF_feedback@w6ze.org)

Submit Articles:  
[EDITORS@W6ZE.org](mailto:EDITORS@W6ZE.org)

**Monthly Events:**

**General Meeting:**

Third Friday of the month  
at 7:00 PM  
American Red Cross  
600 Parkcenter Drive  
(Near Tustin Ave. & 4<sup>th</sup> St.)  
Santa Ana, CA

**Club Breakfast:**

Second Saturday of every  
month at 8:00 AM  
Jagerhaus Restaurant  
2525 E. Ball Road  
(Ball exit off 57-Freeway)  
Anaheim, CA

**Club Nets (Listen for W6ZE):**

28.375 ± MHz SSB  
Wed- 7:30 PM - 8:30 PM  
Bob AF6C, Net Control

146.55 MHz Simplex FM  
Wed- 8:30 PM - 9:30 PM  
Bob, WB6IXN, Net Control

7.086 ± MHz CW **OCWN**  
Sun- 9:00 AM – 10 AM  
John WA6RND, Net Control

**VISIT OUR WEB SITE**

<http://www.w6ze.org>

for up-to-the-minute club  
information, the latest  
membership rosters, special  
activities, back issues of RF,  
links to ham-related sites,  
vendors and manufacturers,  
pictures of club events and much  
much more.

**Club Dues:**

|                 |          |
|-----------------|----------|
| Regular Members | ...\$20  |
| Family Members* | ...\$10  |
| Teenage Members | ..\$10   |
| Club Badge**    | .....\$3 |

Dues run from Jan thru Dec and are  
prorated for new members.

\*Additional members in the family of  
a regular member pay the family rate  
up to \$30 per family.

\*\*There is a \$1.50 charge if you'd  
like to have your badge mailed to  
you.

# **MARK YOUR CALENDAR NOW!!**

## **2014 ARRL Southwestern Division Convention Dates: September 12 - 14, 2014**



The ARRL SW Division Convention sponsored by SANDARC will be held at the Sheraton Four Points hotel located on Aero Drive near the Montgomery Field airport which is the same location of the 2010 convention.

Our convention will feature tech forums, vendor exhibits, on site radio station, grand banquet, flea market and many more activities. Check this site often to get the latest news regarding our ongoing convention events.

Vendors please check with Paul Rios at [kc6qls@cox.net](mailto:kc6qls@cox.net).

Check with Ann Rios, KC6TBG at [kc6tbg@cox.net](mailto:kc6tbg@cox.net) if wish to conduct a Tech Forum.

See [www.sandarc.net/convention2014.php](http://www.sandarc.net/convention2014.php) for more details

## Field Day Update

Only 50 Days to go until Field Day - June 28-29!

Next meeting is Friday May 30<sup>th</sup> at the home of Bob and Gloria Harrington (AA6PW & KE6GLG) at 7PM

At the April Field Day meeting we had a great start in defining what this year's effort will look like and how we are going to win a bunch of the bonus points. Most likely, our entry will be in the 7A class. The following is a listing of the fine station captains who have stepped forward this year:

| Station                            | Captain(s)              |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 80M CW, 75M Phone and 15M CW       | Bob AA6PW               |
| 40M CW and 10M CW                  | Arnie N6HC              |
| 20M CW                             | Bob AA6PW               |
| 20M SSB                            | Ken W6HHC and Bob AF6C  |
| 40M Phone and 15M Phone            | Dan KI6X and Cass W6SQC |
| 10M SSB                            | Chip K7JA               |
| GOTA                               | Tom W6ETC and Tim N6TMT |
| Digital                            | Greg W6ATB              |
| VHF / UHF / Satellite (1 Free + 1) | Chip K7JA               |

You might be getting an email or phone call from the above captains who are recruiting teams for their stations. Even if you only have a couple of hours to operate, they would love to have you in their schedule.

Based on a chance meeting between Tim N6GP and Bill K8TE at the Visalia DX convention this year, our board has agreed to challenge the Albuquerque DX Association (W5UR) to a competition for the most QSOs in Field Day this year. A challenge has been sent to the W5UR Club in the form of a Youtube video, featuring Arnie N6HC. Their board has accepted the challenge, pending working out a few details on handicap (for us) and prizes. It is ON!



<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=b-u4oPGfB0s>

## Field Day University Class #1 is 6PM May 16<sup>th</sup>

Our first Field Day University Class meets one hour before our general meeting at the Red Cross. This course is targeted at the beginning level operator, who will be using the microphone (phone) on Field Day. We hope to train some new operators for either the GOTA station or the other Phone stations. This class was a secret weapon that helped propel us to 2<sup>nd</sup> place in the country last year.

Topics for this class include:

Introduction to Field Day – What is it?

How to call CQ

What is Search and Pounce, and why do we discourage it?

Use of Phonetics

Use of the N3FJP Field Day software, with hands- on practice

Class #1 will be taught by Tim N6GP and Class #2, in June, will be taught by Jeff W6UX. This is a great opportunity to learn. As the mattress salesman says “It’s FREEEE”

## OCARC Board Members Upgrade Callsigns

Congratulations to:

- Member at Large Tom Cowart on his upgrade to General with new vanity callsign **W6ETC** (ex- KJ6UFJ).
- Our Secretary Tim Millard is now **N6TMT** (ex-KJ6NGF). Nice calls !

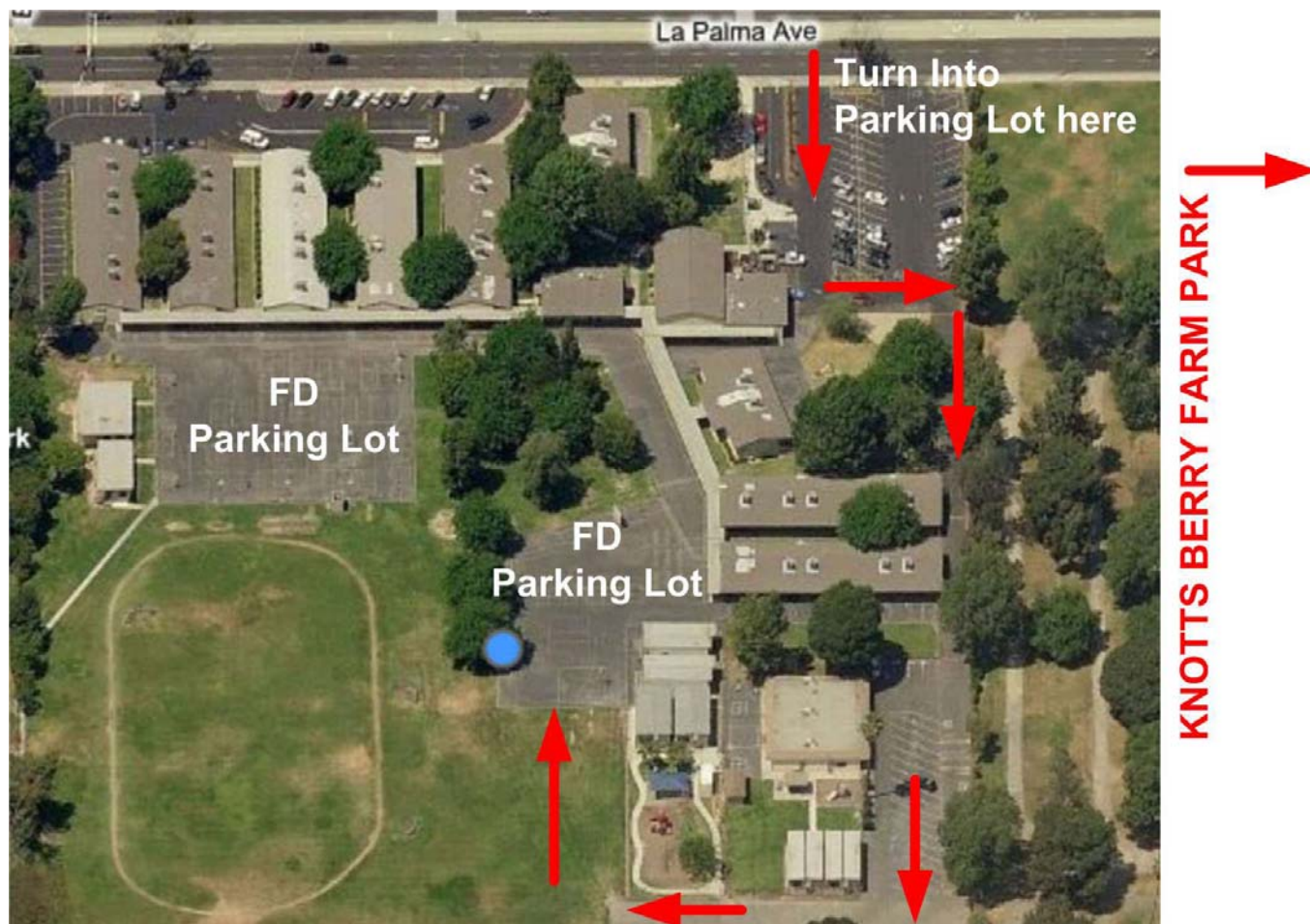


## OCARC Field Day Location Map

Field Day will be again at last year's site (Walter Knott Education Center); however this year the access to the field may be slightly different than some past years. You may have to drive on a grassy area to reach the Field Day parking lot.

See aerial picture below for more details.

***7300 La Palma Ave Buena Park, CA 90620***



- Head for Knott's Berry Farm
- Take the Beach Blvd (south) exit from the 91 or the 5 FWY
- Turn right (west) on La Palma Ave, along the north edge of Knott's Berry Farm Park.
- Continue driving on La Palma, past the Knott's Berry Park to 7300 La Palma Ave.
- The school will be on your left on the south side of La Palma. Use the first entrance on the East side of the school buildings.

## DATV-Express Project team chooses RKM MK802iv Processor over Raspberry-Pi for Digital-ATV

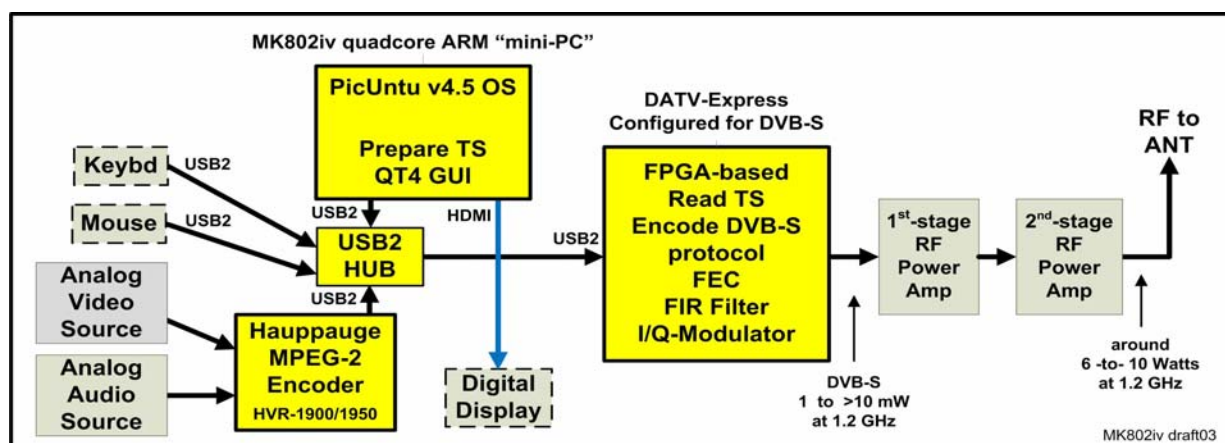
Ken W6HHC reports that the DATV-Express team ran into CPU-horsepower problems trying to use the Raspberry-Pi board to drive Digital-ATV transmitter. The main problem is the RPI uses a lot of memory writes to handle USB traffic.

Charles G4GUO tried a RiKoMaster MK802iv "micro-PC" that contains a quadcore-ARM CPU. Testing with Digital-ATV shows MK802iv contains plenty

of CPU horsepower for the project. The RKM unit is normally sold to allow older TVs to surf the internet.



Fig 1 – MK802iv is smaller than a deck of cards



## SPECIAL SERVICE CLUB

### Orange County Amateur Radio Club, Inc.

This certificate indicates the club's commitment for the next two years to improve the visibility of Amateur Radio as a positive force in the community, assist in emergencies, provide and encourage training and to further club activities for the betterment of the membership and the Amateur Radio Service.



April 22, 2014

*Tom Finner, W31Z*



## **GEOLOGIST'S HEAVEN:**

**A picture, submitted by Doug W6FKX, of Death Valley Pie**





## Next ARDF at Tri-City Park on Saturday, May 17

Every Spring, hams in Orange County organize an outdoor day in Placentia at Tri-City Park where they operate radios, find hidden transmitters and eat lots of good food. The annual "**Antennas in the Park**" (**AITP**) event is organized by the **Fullerton Radio Club** in celebration of the sixteenth annual CQ Worldwide Foxhunting Weekend. All ages are welcome, so bring the family. AITP transmitter hunts will be simple, informal and intended primarily for beginners. There will be no charge for participation in the hunts, which will begin around 11 AM and continue until 2 PM. Be sure to bring your two-meter handi-talkie and know how to program it to any frequency in the two-meter band.

If you don't have the antenna/attenuator system for on-foot foxhunting on two meters with your ham radio handi-talkie or scanner, a limited amount of equipment will be available for loan. Better yet, you can easily make your own during this session. Beginning at 10 AM, Marvin Johnston KE6HTS will conduct a clinic for building his kits for measuring-tape yagis and for 90 dB offset-type attenuators. An assembled/tested attenuator in a special housing that goes inside the boom of the yagi is also available. If you want one or more kits, please register in advance by sending e-mail to [marvin@west.net](mailto:marvin@west.net), so he will have the kits reserved in your name waiting for you.

The main entrance to Tri-City Park is at the corner of North Kraemer Boulevard and East Golden Avenue in Placentia. From the 57 freeway, take the Imperial Highway exit, go east to Kraemer Boulevard, turn right (south), continue to Golden Avenue and turn right into the park. This event will be in the northeast corner (to the right as you enter the park). Look for the FRC banner. A map to help you find the park is at [www.homingin.com](http://www.homingin.com). Entry and parking are free, but empty spaces near the event site may be difficult to find if the park is crowded, so consider carpooling. A few canopies and tables will be set up, but for eating and sitting around, please bring your own lawn chair. Call K0OV on K6QEH/R, 146.97(-) PL 136.5 for two-meter talk-in. If you have questions, send e-mail to [k0ov@homingin.com](mailto:k0ov@homingin.com) before May 14.

73,  
Joe Moell K0OV

**Hospital Disaster Support Communications System (HDSCS)**

# Open House

**And Amateur Radio License Testing Session**



**When:** Sunday, May 18, 2014

**Where:** Care Ambulance Headquarters  
1517 W. Braden Court, Orange, CA 92868

**Time:** 1:30 PM-5:30 PM

**Who:** Everyone is invited!



Visit with HDSCS members and hospital Disaster Coordinators to learn about this all-volunteer Amateur Radio group that backs up communications for Orange County hospitals. See our communicators' disaster boxes and portable gear used to relay critical messages in emergencies. Care Ambulance staff members will also be on site to display some of their vehicles and special equipment used in patient transport.

Testing will take place from 2:30 to 4:30 PM for all classes of Amateur Radio licenses. Pre-registration is required. Contact Ken Simpson W6KOS at (714) 651-6535 or [W6KOS@arrl.net](mailto:W6KOS@arrl.net) for testing information and to register.

For other questions, call April Moell WA6OPS at (714) 879-6895.

Talk-in on 146.97(-) PL 136.5 (from the Care Command Center)

Directions at [www.hdscs.org](http://www.hdscs.org).



**Heathkit® of the Month #56:**  
*by Bob Eckweiler, AF6C*

# HEATHKIT

## WEATHER INSTRUMENTS

### Heathkit® ID-2295

#### Relative Humidity Indicator.

#### Introduction:

In a letter in last month's HOM Justin-VK2CU asked for reviews on some of the kits that use Nixie or Panaplex displays. I have some instruments that use such displays, but none are Heathkits. Initially, I thought the ID-2295 Relative Humidity Indicator (Figure 1) used a two-digit planar gas tube display, but on further examination it uses seven-segment LEDs. Still, it is an instrument that I was planning on covering so it will be this month's Heathkit.

All my life I suffered from dry skin. When the humidity is above a certain point there is no discomfort, but let a Santa Ana winds strike, driving the outside humidity into the single-digit realm, and I know I have to be prepared before I go outside. Thus, on Christmas in 1987 I unwrapped a present to find a Heathkit box stamped ID-2295. A second Heathkit present, the HD-1420 VLF Converter (HOM #16) was also under the tree, and in my stocking was the freebie Heathkit flashlight covered last month. Overall, 1987 was a good Christmas.

#### Heathkit Weather Instruments:

Heathkit started in the business of weather instrument kits late in 1973. In the Christmas catalog that year they introduced the ID-1290 weather station for \$89.95. It has four round analog displays on a simulated wood-grain plastic board measuring 20"L x 7"W x 2"D. (6-1/2"D when using the supplied desk stand). The four instruments are a barometer, a 16-point wind-direction indicator, a wind-speed indicator and an indoor/outdoor (I/O) thermometer. The instrument can be placed on a desk or mounted on a wall, either vertically or horizontally. A separate wind-speed and direction assembly mounts



**Fig. 1: Heathkit ID-2295 Indoor / Outdoor Relative Humidity Indicator**

on the roof, usually on a TV mast. This assembly also contains the outdoor thermometer sensor. Cable to interconnect the two assemblies must be bought separately. In 1973 Heathkit offered three lengths of 8-conductor cable: IDA-1290-1 50' for \$5.95; IDA-1290-2 100' for \$9.95 and IDA-1290-3 150' for \$14.95. Some of the later weather instruments use this same cable, and it remained in catalogs until Heathkit went out of business. By the winter of 1991 the cable prices had increased to \$12.95, \$22.95 and \$32.95.

The same catalog that introduced the ID-1290 also introduced the ID-1390 Digital I/O thermometer. It sold for \$59.95. and matched the then popular Heathkit GC-1005 digital clock that sold for \$54.95; both use a Beckman planar gas tube display. In 1973 that was the extent of the Heathkit weather instruments.

By the end of 1976 two more weather kits were added: The short-lived ID-1490 combination digital clock and I/O thermometer (\$124.95), and the ID-1590 digital wind speed and direction indicator (\$69.95). Both also use Beckman planar gas discharge displays. The ID-1590 requires a length of the IDA-1290 cable.

In 1978 Heathkit introduced the ID-4001 Weather Station (\$389.95), and in 1980/81 the ID-1790 Automatic Rain Gauge (\$149.95), the ID-1890 Digital Wind Computer (\$194.95), the



| Model #  | Description   | Intro Catalog      | Intro Price | Last Catalog       | Last Price |
|--|---|--------------------|-------------|--------------------|------------|
| ID-1290  | Weather Station *   | #800/79 Win. 1973  | \$89.95     | #223 Winter 1991 > | \$199.95   |
| IDA-1290-1                                       | 50' 8 cond. cable   | #800/79 Win. 1973  | \$5.95      | #223 Winter 1991 > | \$12.95    |
| IDA-1290-2                                       | 100' 8 cond. cable  | #800/79 Win. 1973  | \$9.95      | #223 Winter 1991 > | \$22.95    |
| IDA-1290-3                                       | 150' 8 cond. cable  | #800/79 Win. 1973  | \$14.95     | #223 Winter 1991 > | \$32.95    |
| ID-1390  | I/O Temperature Indicator   | #800/79 Win. 1973  | \$59.95     | #850 Fall 1980 >   | \$69.95    |
| ID-1390B   | I/O Temperature Indicator   | < #855 Xmas 1981   | \$74.95     | #223 Winter 1991 > | \$99.95    |
| ID-1490  | I/O Temp Ind. & Dig. Clock  | #812 Fall 1976     | \$124.95    | #815 Spring 1977 > | \$124.95   |
| ID-1590  | Dig. Wind Indicator *   | < #807 Winter 1976 | \$69.95     | #221 Summer 1990   | \$99.95    |
| ID-1790  | Automatic Rain Gauge  | < #855 Xmas 1981   | \$149.95    | #860 Winter 1983 > | \$149.95   |
| ID-1795  | Digital Rain Gauge  | < #217 Fall 1989   | \$99.95     | #219 Winter 1990 > | \$99.95    |
| ID-1890  | Dig. Wind Computer *  | < #855 Xmas 1981   | \$194.95    | #860 Winter 1983 > | \$149.95   |
| ID-1990  | Computerized Barometer  | < #855 Xmas 1981   | \$234.95    | #865 Spring 1984 > | \$99.95    |
| ID-2090  | Barograph   | #855 Xmas 1981     | \$295.95    | #863 Xmas 1983 >   | \$199.95   |
| ID-2295  | Rel. Humidity Indicator   | #880 Winter 1983   | \$99.95     | #223 Winter 1991 > | \$99.95    |
| ID4001   | Digital Weather Station *   | < #850 Fall 1980   | \$389.95    | #223 Winter 1991 > | \$449.95   |
| ID-5001  | Adv. Weather Station *  | < #217 Fall 1989   | \$499.95    | #217 Fall 1989 >   | \$499.95   |
| ID-5001B   | Adv. Weather Station *  | < #218 Xmas 1989   | \$499.95    | #219 Winter 1990 > | \$499.95   |
| ID-5001C   | Adv. Weather Station *  | < #221 Summer 1990 | \$499.95    | #223 Winter 1991 > | \$599.95   |
| IDA-5001-1                                       | Rel. Humidity Accessory   | < #217 Fall 1989   | \$59.95     | #223 Winter 1991 > | \$59.95    |
| IDA-5001-2                                       | Rain Gauge Accessory  | < #217 Fall 1989   | \$39.95     | #223 Winter 1991 > | \$39.95    |
| IDA-5001-3                                       | RS-232 Interface  | < #217 Fall 1989   | \$49.95     | #223 Winter 1991 > | \$49.95    |
| IDA-5001-4                                       | Tech Manual   | < #217 Fall 1989   | \$24.95     | #223 Winter 1991 > | \$24.95    |
| IDA-5001-4                                       | Tech Manual w/kit   | < #217 Fall 1989   | \$9.95      | #223 Winter 1991 > | \$9.95     |
| COLOR KEY  | DESCRIPTION * This kit requires IDA-1290 8-conductor cable.                                   |                    |             |                    |            |
| Lt. Blue   | Kit is marked "NEW" in listed catalog.  |                    |             |                    |            |
| Lt. Yellow                                       | Kit is Marked as "LAST CALL" in listed catalog.   |                    |             |                    |            |
| Lt. Green  | Kit is Marked as "LAST CALL" in Christmas 1989 catalog yet reappears in later listed catalog. |                    |             |                    |            |
| Lt. Red  | Kit is Marked as "LAST CALL" in Summer 1990 catalog yet reappears in later listed catalog.    |                    |             |                    |            |
| TABLE I: HEATHKIT WEATHER INSTRUMENTS with DATES |   |                    |             |                    |            |

ID-1990 Computerized Barometer (\$174.95) and the ID-2090 Digital Barograph (\$295.95). For these units Heathkit switched to seven-segment LED displays.

The ID-2295 I/O Relative Humidity was introduced in the Winter 1983 catalog, selling for \$99.95. The final weather kit introduced (excluding updated version of the existing kits) was the ID-5001 Weather Station with its add-on IDA-5001-1 Relative Humidity Sensor kit, IDA-5001-2 Rain Gauge Sensor kit and IDA-5001-3 RS-232 Interface kit. Interestingly, the earlier ID-4001 was listed in the Christmas 1989 catalog as *Last Call*; yet it must have proven to be popular as it remained for sale, along with the ID-5001, until Heathkit shut down. Even the original ID-1290 Weather Sta-

tion was still available into 1991, selling for more than double the original price. Table I lists Heathkit's weather instruments and the catalogs in my files where they first and last appeared. My collections of catalogs are limited so the < and > characters indicate that they may have appeared in catalogs before or after the dates mentioned; however the table gives a fair approximation of the actual dates.

The three weather stations (ID-1290, ID-4001 and ID-5001/B/C) deserve an article (or even articles) all their own. Maybe in the future....

#### **The Heathkit ID-2295 Humidity Indicator:**

The ID-2295 Relative Humidity instrument (Figs. 1 & 2) consists of a main cabinet measuring 7"W x 5"D x 2-1/2" wide, weighing about 1-1/4 pounds, and two sensors, each



measuring 4" x 4" x 1-1/2"H and weighing about four ounces each.

The main chassis has a display on the front panel consisting of two-digits of 7-segment LED readouts marked **RELATIVE HUMIDITY** and two LED lamps marked **INDOOR** and **OUTDOOR**. On the rear panel is a slide switch marked **ALTERNATE - HOLD** and a six-screw terminal strip marked:

| INDOOR |       |    | OUTDOOR |       |    |
|--------|-------|----|---------|-------|----|
| GND    | INPUT | 5V | GND     | INPUT | 5V |

This terminal strip connects to the sensor cables. No ON-OFF switching is provided and the 1/16 AMP fuse is located internally with clips on the main circuit board. The unit draws 3 watts. The rear panel also contains the AC cord exit with strain relief, and the famous Heathkit "blue and white" label.

The kit comes with two identical remote sensors. They connect with the display unit via two-conductor-plus-shield round cable. One-hundred feet of this cable is supplied with the kit. The cable is removable at the sensor end as well as at the display end.

The Heathkit ID-2295 accuracy is specified between 10% and 90% humidity. Having managed a large aerospace environmental test lab, I know the difficulties of accurate humidity measurements at the ends of the humidity scale. Heathkit specifies the accuracy as  $\pm 10$  counts at 25°C and  $\pm 20$  counts between 0°C and 55°C. Not great accuracy but neither were most of the home humidity instruments available on the market at the time.

The kit can either display **INDOOR** or **OUTDOOR** humidity constantly, or alternate between them. The LED lights tell which sensor is being monitored. Control is by the **HOLD - ALTERNATE** slide-switch on the rear of the display. You can select **HOLD** and the display will halt and continue to display the currently selected sensor, or you can select **ALTERNATE** and the display will alternate



**Fig. 2: Heathkit ID-2295 Relative Humidity Indicator with Remote Sensors**

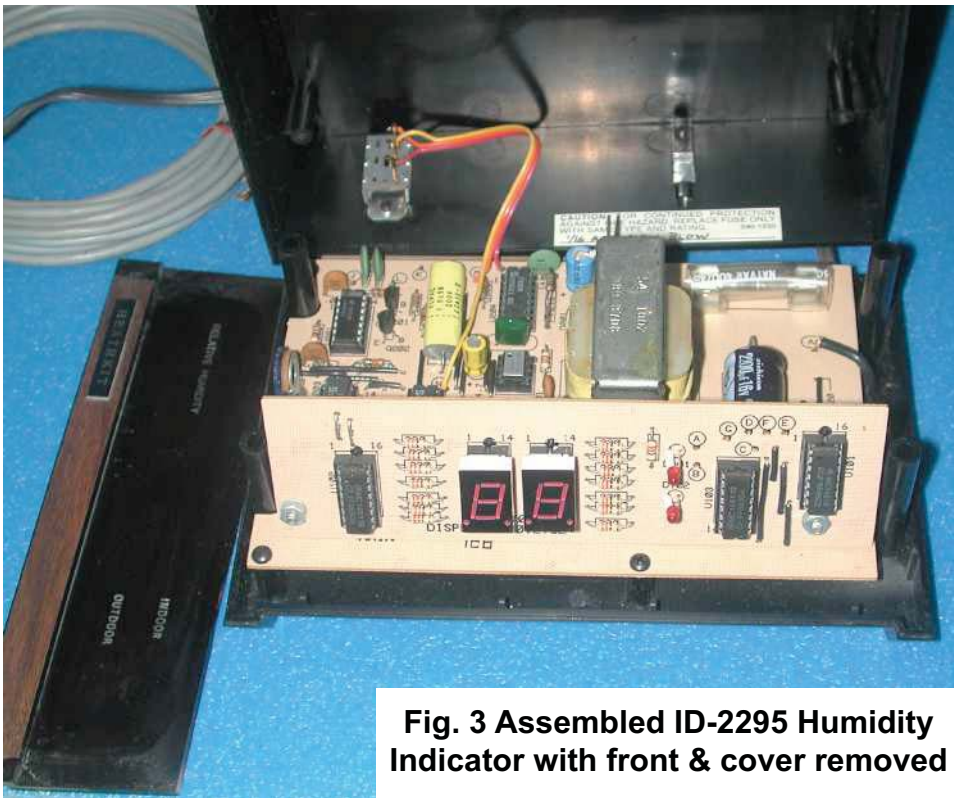
between the two sensors. The kit comes with two resistors that set the display alternating time. Install the 470K $\Omega$  resistor at R216 for 1.5 seconds or the 1.5 M $\Omega$  resistor for 5 seconds.

### **ID-2295 Kit Assembly:**

The parts for this kit come in four 'parts packs'. Packs 1 through 3 are in numbered bags, pack 4 being the remaining parts. Part pack 1 is for assembling the two sensor assemblies; parts pack 2 is for assembling the display board; and parts pack 3 is for assembling the main circuit board. Parts pack 4 contains the parts needed for the final assembly; it also contains larger parts that may be required for previous assemblies.

The two sensor circuit boards are stuffed first, using parts pack 1. Each use eight resistors, two diodes, two IC sockets and their ICs, two connector pins (used during calibration), five capacitors including an electrolytic, a jumper wire and the humidity sensing sensor, A301. Finally three 4-40 screws terminals are soldered for connection of the wiring cable. The two sensor boards are then put aside until later.

Parts pack 2 is used next to assemble the display board. First 15 330 $\Omega$  resistors are installed along with 6 jumper wires. Then five IC sockets are carefully oriented, soldered in and the appropriate IC or LED display is installed. The **INDOOR** and **OUTDOOR** LED indicators are installed using carefully measured teflon sleeving over a lead to set the right height off the circuit board. Finally, mounting brackets are



**Fig. 3 Assembled ID-2295 Humidity Indicator with front & cover removed**

bolted to the circuit board, and it too is set aside for later.

The main circuit board uses parts pack 3. It is the largest circuit board and is stuffed in two sections. All together 13 jumpers, 16 resistors, 13 capacitors, two potentiometer controls, four diodes, three transistors and seven ICs, six with sockets, one with a heat-sink, and a circuit-board-mounted power transformer are installed. One or two additional jumpers are then added depending upon whether the kit is being wired for 120 VAC or 240 VAC power.

When the boards are all finished, the power cord is prepared, as are three multi-conductor cables stripped from a single length of 8-conductor ribbon cable. These cables are all soldered to the proper holes on the main circuit board. The instructions need to be followed carefully as some are soldered to the component side and others to the foil side of the circuit board. The other end of one cable is attached to the display circuit board, the second attaches to the six-screw terminal strip. The third attaches later. The display and main cir-

cuit board are then bolted together and onto the cabinet base, and the terminal strip is also mounted onto the base.

As a change of pace, the assembly is put aside and the sensor boards are installed into their housings. At this time you have to decide where you want to mount the two sensors and where you'll place the indicator. When this is decided you prepare the sensor cables. Add a few feet to give some slack. The cables are then attached to the appropriate sensors.

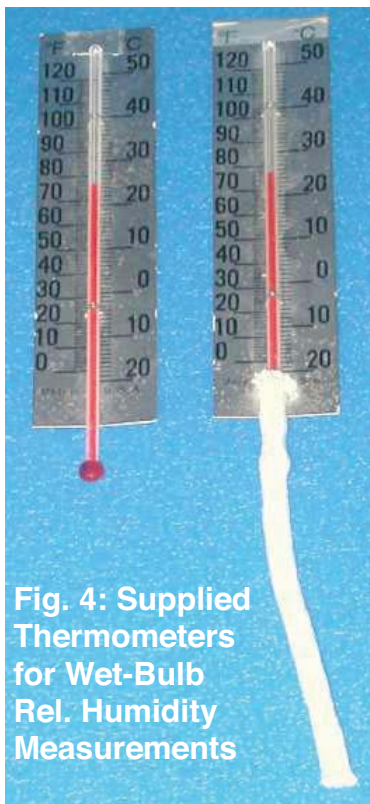
Going back to the main assembly, labels are attached to the cabinet bottom as are the

feet. The fuse label and ALTERNATE - HOLD switch are mounted onto the cabinet top, the cabinet top is laid beside the bottom, and the third cable from the main board is soldered to it. Final trim is then added to the cabinet. Next the cabinet top is put loosely in place so it can be removed for calibration.

### **ID-2295 Calibration:**

After following an initial checkout and being sure everything is working correctly, it is time to calibrate the humidity sensors. This is done in two steps. Heathkit supplies precision 118 pF and 160 pF silver-mica 1% calibration capacitors to set the span. The jumper to pin TP301 is removed and the calibration capacitors are connected between TP301 and TP302, one-at-a-time. These capacitors replace the humidity sensor with known accurate capacitances. The capacitors are used to adjust the span of each readout so the reading goes to 99 when the larger capacitor is installed and ~5 when the smaller capacitor is installed. The two trimpots mounted on the main board are used to make this adjustment (one for each sensor).





**Fig. 4: Supplied Thermometers for Wet-Bulb Rel. Humidity Measurements**

The second step is to set the trimpot in each of the sensor assemblies to the current humidity in the room. Heathkit assumes you don't have access to an accurate hydrometer so it developed a way for you to determine the humidity.

In the kit Heathkit supplied two inexpensive (but surprisingly accurate) bulb thermometers with cardboard scales (See fig. 4). Also included was a cloth wick that fits

over the bulb of one of the thermometers. To measure humidity, mount the thermometers on a vertical surface about 5" above a table-top and about 8" apart. Place a 1/4-full cup of water under one of the thermometers. After the thermometers stabilize note their readings; in my case they read identically. Next, wet the wick thoroughly and cover one thermometer bulb with the wick. The other end of the wick should hang in the glass of water. A portable fan is then placed about a foot away so it blows on the two thermometers. Due to the evaporation of the water on the wick the "wet-bulb" thermometer will cool more than the "dry-bulb" thermometer. After eight-to-ten minutes read the difference between the two thermometers, correcting for any differences noted when the thermometers were dry. The corrected difference and the current dry-bulb temperature are then looked up on a chart in the manual, and the humidity is read. Google wet-

bulb dry-bulb hydrometers for more information and charts. The trimpots in the sensors are adjusted so the readout agrees with the measured humidity and then the covers are laid atop the sensors. After two hours the final calibration is repeated, removing each cover only long enough to make the adjustment. That cover is then screwed in place.

### **ID-2295 Circuit Operation:**

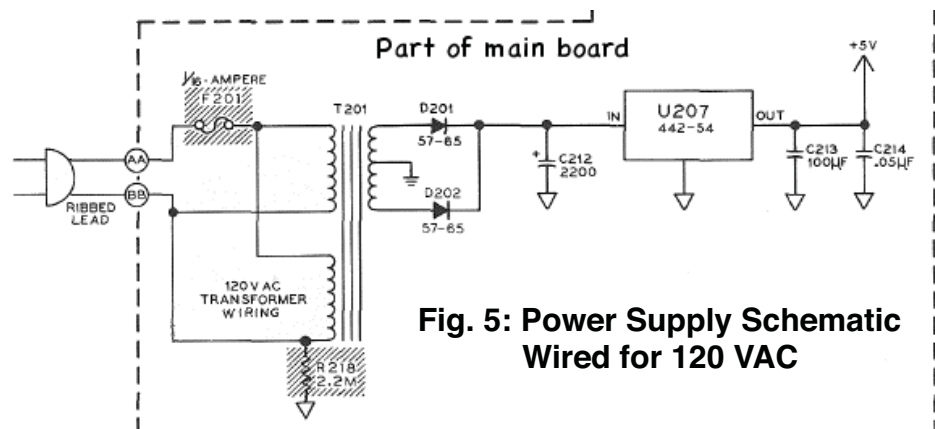
The circuit of the ID-2295 can be split into 5 sections: The power supply; the sensor assembly; the analog to pulse-width converter; the timing circuitry and the display counter itself. Generally, this circuit discussion will cover the outdoor sensor operation. The indoor circuit is similar.

### **The Power Supply:**

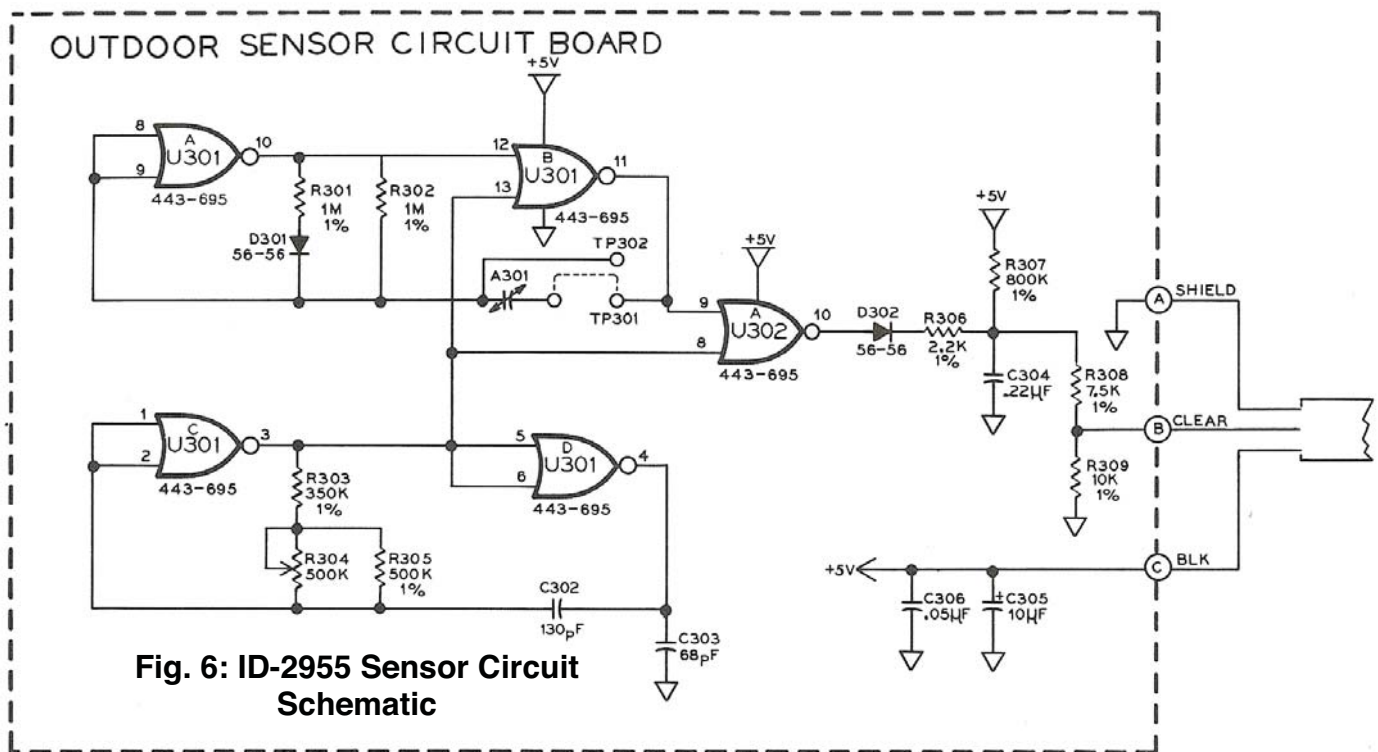
The ID-2295 power supply circuit is shown in fig. 5. Only 5-volt DC power is required for the circuits. The transformer has a dual primary so it may be wired for 120V or 240V. The secondary is a low-voltage center-tapped winding that feeds a full-wave rectifier using two silicon diodes, D201 and D202 and is filtered by C212 producing about 9-1/2 VDC. This DC voltage is then fed to U207, a common 7805M voltage regulator chip. The 5V output from the chip is further filtered by C213 and C214, and fed to the various circuits.

### **Sensor Assembly Operation:**

Identical sensors are used to measure indoor and outdoor humidity. The actual sensor is a special capacitor that has a dielectric material between two gold plates. The dielectric mate-



**Fig. 5: Power Supply Schematic Wired for 120 VAC**



### Fig. 6: ID-2955 Sensor Circuit Schematic

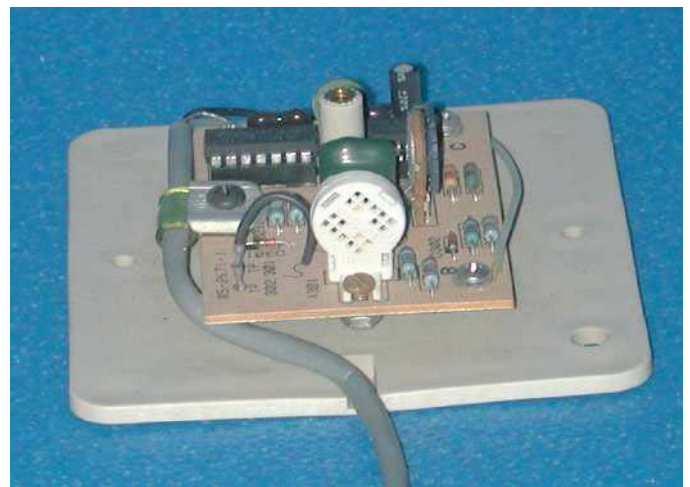
rial is exposed to ambient humidity and the dielectric constant varies with humidity, causing the capacitance to vary also.

Looking at the sensor schematic (fig. 6), five volt power comes in on pin-C and ground on pin-A. The output, which is an analog voltage, exits on pin-B. Figure 7 is a photo of the sensor board with the cover removed. The actual sensor element is the circular white component in the foreground.

U301 is a CD4001 CMOS quad 2-input NOR gate integrated circuit. If either of the two inputs is HIGH the output is LOW. This chip forms two multivibrators. Gates U301A and B form the sensor multivibrator whose frequency is controlled by the sensor A301 and resistors R301 and R302. Gates U301C and D make up a reference multivibrator whose frequency is controlled by C302 and resistors R303 - R305 and operates around 10 KHz. The output of the reference multivibrator, pin 3 of U301C, forces the sensor multivibrator low each time the reference multivibrator output goes high. Thus the two multivibrators are forced to operate at the

same frequency, and sensor A301 actually controls the duty cycle of the sensor multivibrator. This will fail if the frequency of the sensor multivibrator becomes lower than the reference multivibrator. Diode D301 assures this won't happen.

The output of the two multivibrators are out of phase by  $180^\circ$  and are fed to U302A. Its output is a pulse dependent on the difference in duty cycle between the two multivibrators. If they are the same, the pulse width is zero, but



**Fig. 7: ID-2955 Sensor Ass'y Interior**



as the humidity increases the pulse width gets longer. This pulse is isolated by D302 and charges C304 through R306 to a voltage that is determined by the pulse width. This network, including R308 and R309, makes the output voltage linear with respect to the humidity sensed by A301. This analog voltage is fed down the cable to the main display.

### Analog to Pulse-Width Converter:

Figure 8 shows the schematic of the main circuit board, less power supply. This board contains the circuitry that processes the sensor signals and also the timing circuits.

The analog outdoor sensor signal enters on TS401-2, (J) and is fed to U201A. U201 is a quad-comparator, but only sections A and B are used, one for each sensor. The other input to comparator section A is a sawtooth ramp generated by the timing circuit. This ramp starts at zero and increases linearly in voltage

over a period of several milliseconds. As long as the ramp voltage on pin-5 is lower than the signal on pin-4, the output of the comparator is low, switching to high when the voltages cross. Thus a low pulse is created that is dependent upon the voltage from the sensor. The pulse from U201A is fed to a simple switch composed of U203A and U203B. This switch is controlled by the timing circuits and only lets the pulse pass when the outdoor sensor is selected. U203A inverts the pulse, so U203B corrects this by inverting it back. The indoor circuit is identical using U201B, U203C, and U203D.

### The Timing Circuits:

The timing circuits control the overall operation of the ID-2295. To simplify the operation, refer to the timing diagram of Table II. U205 is an NE555 timer. It is a free running multivibrator. The output is normally high with a negative going pulse of about 1-millisecond. Depending on your choice of R216 this pulse

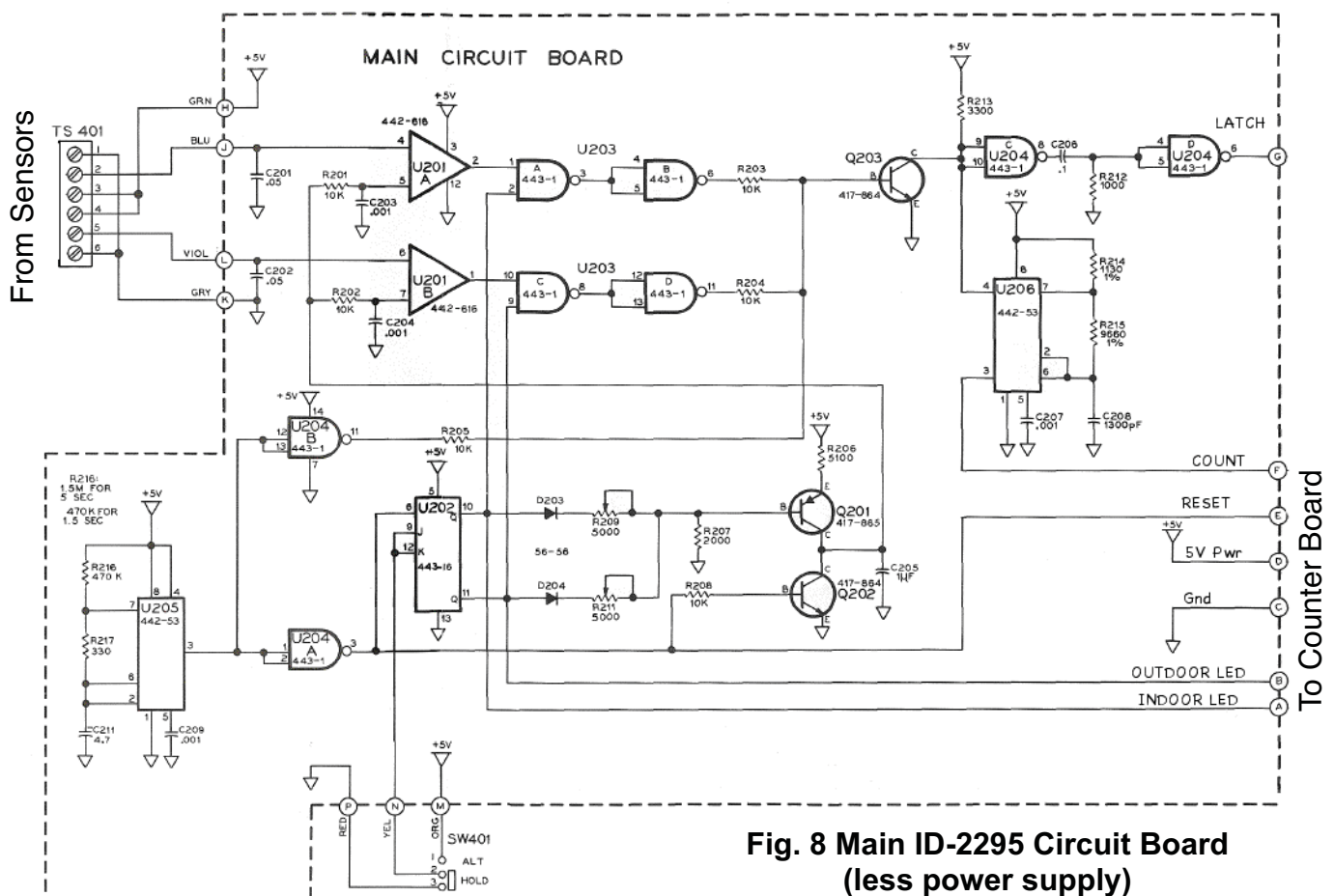


Fig. 8 Main ID-2295 Circuit Board  
(less power supply)

occurs once every 1-1/2 seconds or once every 5 seconds. This is the main timing pulse. It is inverted by U204A. This pulse resets the counter board. (discussed in the next section), resets the ramp generator, and, if the ALT switch is active, toggles between the indoor and outdoor sensor. The timing pulse from U205 is also inverted by U204B producing a positive pulse that turns on Q203 during reset.

Sensor selection is controlled by U202, a JK flip-flop. Assuming the ALT-HOLD switch SW401 is in the ALT position, each timing pulse from U204A onto pin 6 of U202 causes Q and Q<sup>^</sup> outputs to switch states. Q<sup>^</sup> is always the opposite of Q. Should the ALT-HOLD switch be in the HOLD position the Q and Q<sup>^</sup> outputs remain at the state they were when the switch was thrown. When Q<sup>^</sup> is high it allows the low pulse from the outdoor sensor to pass U203A & B and reach Q203. Since Q is low at this time, it inhibits the indoor sensor pulse from passing U202C and the output of U203D remains low. It also is fed to the counter board where it turns on the OUTDOOR LED lamp.

The voltage ramp that drives the two comparators U201A & B is generated by Q201. At each reset pulse Q202 discharges C201. When the reset pulse ends Q203 begins charging C201 at a constant current. When Q<sup>^</sup> is high D203 conducts and adjustable resistor R209 controls the rate of charge. Since Q is low, D4 is off and R211 has no effect. When U202 flips to the indoor mode the scenario reverses.

The base of Q203 connects to three voltage sources, (the outputs of U203B, U203D and U204B), each through a 10K $\Omega$  isolation resistor. Q203 is conducting when ANY of those three voltages are high.

U206 is another 555 timer chip running as a multivibrator at about 50 KHz. The frequency determining components are chosen for good stability, though the exact frequency is not important as long as has low drift. When pin-4 of U206 (chip reset) is high the multivibrator

output appears on the COUNT line to the display board. However, pin-4 is only high when the base of Q203 is low. Thus the count oscillates for only as long as the current sensor pulse is low. The number of pulses can be calibrated to the humidity sensed by adjusting the ramp slope adjustment R209 (R211) and the calibration pot R304 in the proper sensor.

The output of U204D is normally high, the input being held low by R212. However, when the collector of Q203 goes low, signifying the end of a counting period, U204 pin-8 goes high. This causes U204 pins 4 and 5 to go high until C206 charges up causing a short 0.1  $\mu$ S negative pulse on the LATCH line to the counter board.

### The Display Counter Circuit:

The display counter mounts on the display board, which bolts to the main circuit board. The two boards are connected by 7 wires. power and ground, and the two INDOOR and OUTDOOR LEDs, leaving three wires to control the counter. They are 'count', 'latch' (which Heathkit refers to as 'enable') and 'reset'. The schematic of the display board is shown in figure 9.

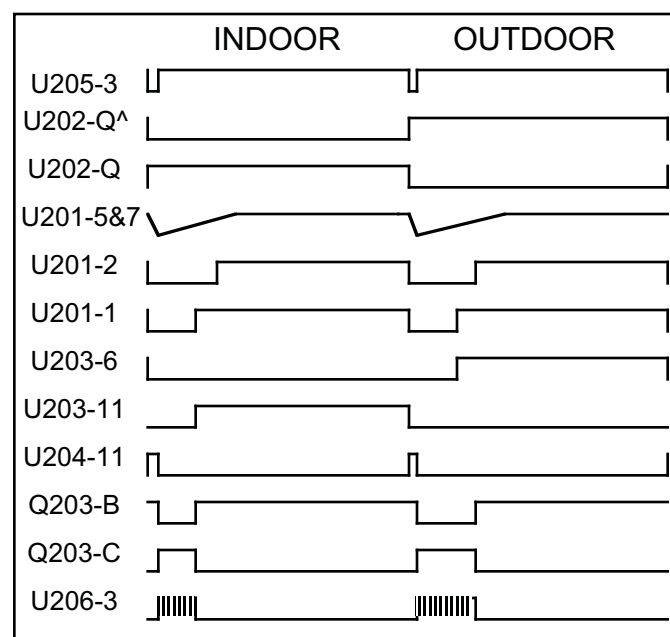


Table II: ID-2295 Main Board Timing Diagram.

The counter consists of three ICs; one 4518 CMOS dual binary coded decimal (BCD) counter and two 4511 CMOS 'BCD to seven-segment' drivers that drive two seven-segment LED displays. The dual BCD counter can count from 0 to 99. Each positive transition on the 'count' line causes the counter to increment one count. The four lines of output from the counter's first digit go to one of the 4511 drivers, and the other four lines go to the second driver. The 'reset' line is normally low; when it is high it forces the 4518 counter back to zero.

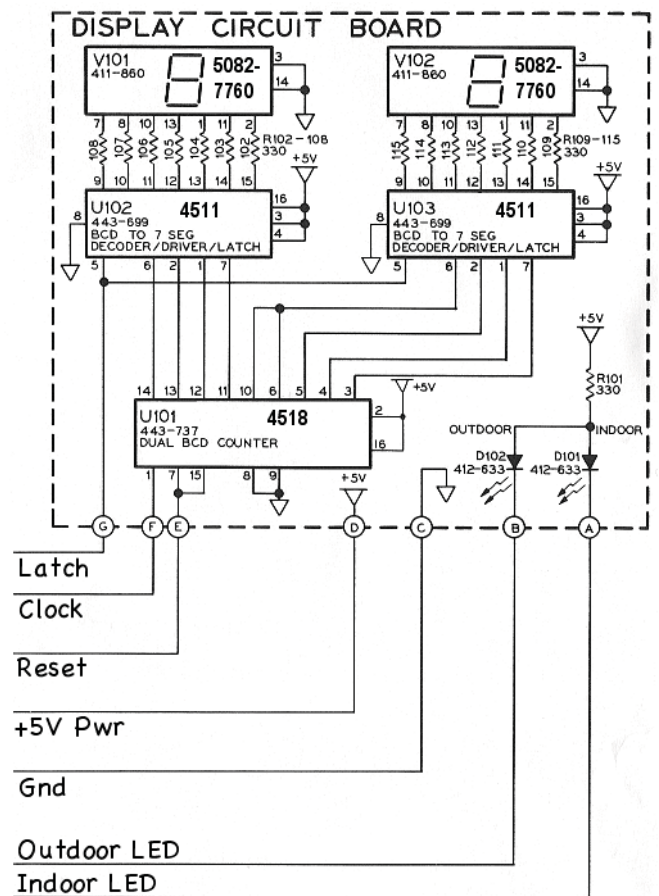
The two 4511 drivers have internal latches. When the latch line is low, data on the BCD inputs appear immediately on the outputs and hence on the LED display. However, when the latch input is high the display continues to display the count present on the inputs at the time the display went high, and is not affected by any changes to the input lines.

Over one display cycle the 'latch' input starts high with the display showing the previous count; the 'reset' line is then pulsed high, resetting the counter. Counting pulses are then sent on the 'count' line for a period of time, ending by the latch line pulsing low for a short period, transferring the new count to the display.

### Conclusion:

One thing that makes building Heathkits fun to build is learning from their circuits. I remember that this kit offered a challenge, and I had to look deeper than I normally do to find how it works. An afternoon with IC data sheets and a quad-pad to work out a timing diagram cleared things up. That is why I went into more circuit detail in this write-up than I usually do.

This kit, despite its wide specifications, provided good service for many years, and was accurate within 2 humidity counts against a certified instrument I borrowed to check it out. This from the range of about 20% to 80% relative humidity and room temperature. The unit sat in the closet for the past few years, having been replaced by an indoor/outdoor wireless



**Fig. 9: ID-2955 Counter Board Schematic**

humidity/temperature and clock instrument. Now that it has been re-calibrated I might just put it on display?

I am currently debating what Heathkit I should do next. I have some Heathkit stereo gear and it's been awhile since I covered any of their audio line. The SB-303 is also on my list. Any suggestions?

73, from AF6C



*This article is Copyright 2014 R. Eckweiler and The OCARC Inc.*

*Remember, if you are getting rid of any old Heathkit Manuals or Catalogs, please pass them along to me for my research.*

*Thanks - AF6C*

## OCARC General Meeting Minutes for 2014-April-18

The OCARC General Meeting was held at the Red Cross Complex on April 18<sup>th</sup> 2014. The meeting was called to order at 7:04 pm, 2:04 UTC. There were 37 people, including 4 visitors, in attendance.

Our main speaker for the evening was **Dennis Kidder – W6DQ**. Dennis was first licensed in 1969 as a novice. He spent his 30 year career at Raytheon Hughes where he worked on a variety of projects including radar systems for the Hong Kong Airport. Dennis is active in the Maker Faire movement, antique radio collecting and speaking at many of the amateur radio clubs in California. His topic for us is titled **“History of the Development of the Modern Communications Receiver – Part I”**.



**Fig 1 – Dennis W6DQ presents on “First 75 Years of Receiver Designs”**

Dennis covered the first 75 years in the development of radio receivers. This included the history starting in the late 1800s until right before the Second World War.

We heard about the struggles and triumphs of various inventors and scientists who tried to understand the physics and particulars of receiving radio signals and how to improve those capabilities.

We also learned about the battles in various courts over patent rights and how the actions or inactions of governments affected the ways that new technology became available to the public. Sometimes the winners of these patent “wars” were not vindicated until after their death!





**Fig 2 – Classic TRF (Tuned Radio Frequency) Receiver by Atwater-Kent**

All in all, it was an enjoyable and informative presentation. Dennis offered to come back and present Part II in the future and all there agreed that they very much looked forward to that time.

After a short break the meeting reconvened covering club business. A quorum of Board members were present with only Paul – W6GMU, Doug – W6FKX, and Greg – W6ATB absent.

Field Day plans comprised the bulk of our discussions. Chip – K7JA presented a rousing talk to inspire the membership regarding Field Day. A club in New Mexico - W5UR, which finished in the top 10 during last year's Field Day would like to challenge us to see which of our clubs does best this year. Our membership agreed that this sounds like a fun idea and that we should proceed. (Since the meeting a challenge video has been uploaded to Youtube - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=b-u4oPGfB0s> ). A formal Field Day planning meeting is scheduled for April 25<sup>th</sup> at the home of Bob – AA6PW.

The next General Meeting is May 16<sup>th</sup> and will include various short presentations about projects and ideas with which the club members are involved.

Adjourned at 9:39pm (04/19/14 @ 4:39 UTC).

Respectfully submitted by:

**Tim Millard, KJ6NGF, Secretary 2014.**

**OCARC Board Meeting Minutes**  
**for**  
**2014-May-03**

The OCARC Board meeting was held at the World Famous JägerHaus Restaurant, 2525 East Ball Road, Anaheim and called to order by Vice President Tim N6GP on Saturday, May 3, 2014 at 8:11 am. All directors present except Nicholas – AF6CF, Robbie – KJ6CJZ and Doug – W6FKX.

**DIRECTOR REPORTS**

**Pres** – no formal report.

**Treas** – Ken - W6HHC – over 80 members renewed. So far this year club finances in good shape with about \$800 more received than spent.

**Secr** – Tim - KJ6NGF presented HRO bill for prize purchases and ARRL certificate delivered to our PO Box.

**No other Directors reports presented.**

**Old Business:**

- 1.) **Newsletter Editors:** May W6GMU; June W6ATB; July - W6FKX; Aug- N6GP; Sept – AF6CF.
- 2.) **General Meeting Entertainment,** May – various club members for special meeting, June – Field Day readiness, July – Arnie – N6HC – New Amsterdam Island, Aug – Arduino II?
- 3.) **FD 2014: Chairpersons and Doc status report.** No updates – see next item
- 4.) **Field Day Site, etc. –**
  - Food Chair – Doug W6FKX,
  - VHF and 10 meters - Chip K7JA
  - PSK31 – Greg W6ATB
  - CW - Bob – AA6PW
  - GOTA – co chair – Tim – KJ6NGF (now N6TMT) and Tom – KJ6UFJ (now W6ETC).

Food donation collections have started with members reminded that the donation per meal should run at the \$5 level.

Next Field Day committee meeting is May 30<sup>th</sup> at Bob – AA6PW's home.

- 5.) **15 meter Beam Balun repair status** – club has received a new donated Balun which needs to be tested. Bob AF6C reports that he began testing and it looks good so far. He had an equipment issue with his testing device and so has not yet finished all tests that he wants to complete.
- 6.) **OCARC Coffee Mug orders** – Paul – W6GMU reports that the last order was submitted and he should be receiving them before the next meeting, per the vendor.
- 7.) **OCARC at the Scout O Rama** – Tim – N6GP reports he will pick up the club banner. Tom supplying easy-up for the May 10<sup>th</sup> event. Looking for volunteers to staff the booth.
- 8.) **ARRL Special Services Club status** – Certificate received and Bob will place in frame to bring to meeting.

**New Business**

- 1.) **FD Fundraising for food, gas, etc.** – Donation Can started at last club meeting and \$79 collected so far. Ken W6HHC will make announcement at next club meeting and pass the Can again. Meal cost goal is \$5 per person per meal.
- 2.) **Monthly opportunity drawing losses.** Motion was made and seconded to reduce that amount spent from around \$150 per drawing to \$125 per drawing. After discussion motion was defeated. Board instead advised Activities chair to concentrate on purchasing just a few larger dollar prizes ( ie. \$50 HRO gift certificate, Arduino Uno) and see if that generates more participation.
- 3.) **General Meeting “after hours door opening” request.** Bob AF6C will make new door sign that posts the monitored frequency and also a member’s cell phone number. Our directors at large agreed that they would take turns monitoring the frequency and providing their phone number to Bob for the sign. Greg will do it this coming meeting and Tom for the June meeting.
- 4.) **Need new ideas to attract members to the weekly nets.** Directors not sure what needs to change here. Hoping that membership at large can make some suggestions in this area.

**Good of the Club**

- Bob – AF6C says he could use a second assistance webmaster. Tom – W6ETC is willing to assist with graphics editing. Contact Bob for more information if you are also interested in helping.
- Tom made a call for additional technical demonstrations at the meetings. For example, tune an antenna or taking equipment test measurements would be interesting. It was suggested that these demos could be done as a short topic after the main speaker. The Board is hoping to hear from members that would like to make such presentations.

Adjourned at 9:20 am

Respectfully submitted by:  
Tim Millard KJ6NGF, Secretary 2014.

**OCARC Cash Flow**

1/1/2014 through 5/1/2014

| Category                      | 1/1/2014-<br>5/1/2014 |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| <b>INFLOWS</b>                |                       |
| ARRL Membership Income        | 39.00                 |
| Badge Income                  | 18.00                 |
| Coffee Mug Sales              | 60.00                 |
| Donations - FD                | 5.00                  |
| Donations - FD Food           | 79.00                 |
| Donations - Scoutarama        | 250.00                |
| Dues, Family                  | 250.00                |
| Dues, Membership              | 1,095.00              |
| Opportunity Drawing -Monthly  | 391.00                |
| Radio Sales Receipt           | 100.00                |
| Reservation Deposit Refund    | 200.00                |
| <b>TOTAL INFLOWS</b>          | <b>2,487.00</b>       |
| <b>OUTFLOWS</b>               |                       |
| ARRL Membership Expense       | 37.00                 |
| BSA - OC                      | 250.00                |
| Opportunity Drawing - Monthly | 699.58                |
| Printing - Club Brochures     | 482.84                |
| Printing - membership Forms   | 110.38                |
| Web Site Hosting              | 89.94                 |
| <b>TOTAL OUTFLOWS</b>         | <b>1,669.74</b>       |
| <b>OVERALL TOTAL</b>          | <b>817.26</b>         |





NOW OFFERING  
AMATEUR RADIO VE TESTING SESSIONS

Contact V.E. George T. Jacob Jr. N6VNI

Phone Numbers: Home Phone 562 691 7898 Cell Phone 562 544 7373

Email: [jac2247@gmail.com](mailto:jac2247@gmail.com) Or [N6VNI@arri.net](mailto:N6VNI@arri.net)

Sponsoring Club: N6ME Western Amateur Radio Association, "WARA"

Test site location:

La Habra Community Center.

101 W. La Habra Blvd.

La Habra, Ca. 90631

Pre-Registration is requested and preferred. Walk-ins are welcome.

2014 TESTING SESSIONS

Thursday, May 15<sup>th</sup> 2014 6p.m.

Thursday, Jun 19<sup>th</sup> 2014 6p.m.

Saturday Jun 28<sup>th</sup> 2014 1p.m.

**(Special session to be held at the  
Field Day site)**

Thursday, Jul 17<sup>th</sup> 2014 6p.m.

Thursday, Aug 21<sup>st</sup> 2014 6p.m.

Thursday, Sep 18<sup>th</sup> 2014 6p.m.

Thursday, Oct 16<sup>th</sup> 2014 6p.m.

Thursday, Nov 20<sup>th</sup> 2014 6p.m.

**On VE Exam Day Bring the Following Items**

1. A legal photo ID (driver's license, passport) or two other forms of non-photo ID; e.g., birth certificate, social security card, library card, utility bill or other business correspondence with name of the examinee as it appears on the Form 605 and current mailing address.
2. Your Social Security Number (SSN) or FCC-issued Federal Registration Number (FRN).
3. If applicable, the original and a photocopy of your current Amateur Radio license and any Certificates of Successful Completion of Examination (CSCE) you may have from previous exam session. (Photocopies will not be returned.)
4. Two number two pencils with erasers, and a pen.
5. A calculator with memory erased and formulas cleared (no iPhones, iPads, etc.).
6. Test Fee: \$15.00 (cash or check).

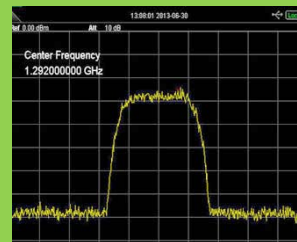
If you fail an element and wish to retake it, we are required to charge an additional test fee. If you pass an element, we typically offer and encourage you to take the next element. We do not charge an additional test fee for this and it gives you the opportunity to see what the next exam element is like!



## Digital Amateur TeleVision Exciter/Transmitter

now available from

# DATV-Express



- A more affordable DATV exciter can now be ordered
- Fully assembled and tested PCBA
- DVB-S protocol for DATV (using QPSK modulation)
- Can operate all ham bands from 70 MHz-to-2450 MHz
- RF output level up to 10 dBm (min) all bands (DVB-S)
- Software Defined Radio (SDR) architecture allows many variations of IQ modulations
- “Software-Defined” allows new features to be added over the next few years, without changing the hardware board
- As extra bonus, the team has been able to get the board to transmit DVB-T 2K mode, however we cannot guarantee the performance of that protocol. Caveat Emptor!
- Requires PC running Ubuntu linux (see User Guide)
- Price is US\$300 + shipping – order using PayPal



For more details and ordering  
[www.DATV-Express.com](http://www.DATV-Express.com)

register on the web site  
 to be able to see  
 the PURCHASE page

